

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	CATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION		
10/694,167	10/27/2003	Jan Ryderstam	81044557 (201-0705)	3060	
28415	7590 09/12/2006		EXAMINER		
,	NEVELD, COOPER, DEV	NGUYEN, CUONG H			
695 KENMO P. O. BOX 25			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
GRAND RAF	PIDS, MI 49501-2567	3661			
		DATE MAILED: 09/12/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			10/694,167		RYDERSTAM ET AL.				
			Examiner		Art Unit				
			CUONG H.		3661				
The l Period for Repl	MAILING DATE of this commu y	nication appe	ears on the o	over sheet with the	correspondence ad	idress			
WHICHEVE - Extensions of tafter SIX (6) M - If NO period fo - Failure to reply Any reply recei	NED STATUTORY PERIOD R R IS LONGER, FROM THE N time may be available under the provision ONTHS from the mailing date of this com or reply is specified above, the maximum so within the set or extended period for repl tived by the Office later than three months term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DA's of 37 CFR 1.136 munication. tatutory period will y will, by statute, or	TE OF THIS 6(a). In no event Il apply and will e cause the applica	S COMMUNICATIO t, however, may a reply be tile expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed  n the mailing date of this c ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1) Respo	onsive to communication(s) fil	ed on 28 Jur	ne 2006.						
· _ ·	·								
/	, <u> </u>								
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of (	Claims								
4)⊠ Claim	(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the	application.							
4a) Of	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim	(s) are subject to restri	iction and/or	election red	quirement.					
Application Pa	pers								
9)∐ The sp	ecification is objected to by the	ne Examiner			•				
10)☐ The dr	awing(s) filed on is/are	e: a) 🗌 acce	pted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applica	ant may not request that any obj	ection to the d	Irawing(s) be	held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replac	ement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction	on is required	d if the drawing(s) is of	bjected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oa	ath or declaration is objected	to by the Exa	aminer. Not	e the attached Office	e Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority under :	35 U.S.C. § 119								
a)	wledgment is made of a claim b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority Certified copies of the priority Copies of the certified copies application from the Internati	y documents y documents s of the priori onal Bureau	have been have been ity documer (PCT Rule	received. received in Applicants have been received 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this Nationa	l Stage			
2) Notice of Dra 3) Information D	erences Cited (PTO-892) ftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Mail Date			4)  Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [ 5)  Notice of Informal 6)  Other:	Date				

### Response

- 1. The current examiner respectfully withdraws the previous allowable subject matter of claims 6, 7, 9-12, 16-20 from a prior examiner.
- A. Applicants' arguments filed 6/28/2006 have been fully considered, and the examiner withdraws previous 35 USC 112 rejections mailed on 4/07/2006; but they are not persuasive on the cited art of Kitano; and some limitations are still unclear (see the note below); however, assumptions for these claims are made, and Kitano suggests these points. According to the specification, para.[0010] and [0011], the claimed "active force" in this application merely is a very well-known force to drive a vehicle forward; this force is applied to front tires 12.
- B. Applicants argue that Kitano does not teach: "determining a tractive force request of a driver of the vehicle; determining an actual tractive force of the vehicle; and modifying the actual tractive force of the vehicle to be equal to the tractive force request." The examiner disagrees because Kitano's teachings meet what the applicant claims. Kitano discloses about determining a tractive force request of a driver of the vehicle; determining an actual tractive force of the vehicle; and modifying the actual tractive force of the vehicle to be qual to the tractive force request (see Kitano, column 7, lines 58-67). Tractive force is the drawing of a vehicle by motive power; the motive power employed. In fact, applicant's summery of the invention states: "the present invention is to provide a method of controlling tractive force of a vehicle comprising an actual speed of the vehicle and sensing a position of an acceleration pedal (see the submitted specification, page 1, lines 19-21)." This is nothing difference than Kitano's teachings. In column 8, lines 7-10, Kitano controls the tractive force by releasing the accelerator pedal and vehicle speed. Note that the actual tractive force is the "real" tractive force in Kitano's invention and the tractive force request is the target driving force in Kitano's invention.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35

U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351 (a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 8, and 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kitano et al (US Pat. 6,528,959).
- A. As per claim 1, Kitano discloses about determining a tractive force request of a driver of the vehicle; determining/demanding an actual tractive force of the vehicle; and modifying the actual tractive force of the vehicle to be equal to the tractive force request/demand (see Kitano, FIG.3 "actual tractive force" is "TARGET FRONT-WHEEL DRIVING FORCE" S35 and "CALCULATE TARGET FRONT-WHEEL DRIVING FORCE" is a modifying/modeling step; column 3, lines 35-48, column 7, lines 18-24, 57-67, figures 2, 3, 29).
- B. As per claim 2, Kitano discloses measuring the actual speed of the vehicle (see Kitano, FIG.4, and column 3, lines 32-33); sensing a position of the acceleration pedal (see Kitano, column 12, lines 14-17); looking up the tractive force request corresponding to the actual speed and the position of the acceleration pedal (see Kitano, the abstract).
- C. As per claim 3, Kitano discloses estimating/calculating/modeling the actual tractive force (see Kitano, Fig.3 with a step of "CALCULATE TARGET FRONT-WHEEL DRIVING FORCE" S35, and the abstract).

- D. As per claims 4 and 14, Kitano discloses about calculating/estimating/modeling the tractive force as a function of the vehicle speed (see Kitano, FIG.4, and the abstract).
- E. As per claims 5, 8, and 15, Kitano discloses a percentage of available/"WITHIN THE RANGE" tractive force of the vehicle (see Kitano, column 41, lines 1-15).
- F. As per claim 13, Kitano discloses determining a tractive force request of a driver of the vehicle; determining an actual tractive force of the vehicle; and modifying the actual tractive force of the vehicle to be equal to the tractive force request (see Kitano, same rationales to rejection of claim 1 above; also column 3, lines 35-48, column 7, lines 18-24, 57-67 and figures 2, 3, 29); measuring the actual speed of the vehicle (with a vehicle speed-detecting means, see Kitano, column 3, lines 32-33); sensing a position of the acceleration pedal (e.g., using a position sensor as sensor 13; see Kitano, column 12, lines 14-28); looking up the tractive force request corresponding to the actual speed and the position of the acceleration pedal and modeling actual tractive force (e.g., Kitano suggests about "looking up respective tables"; see Kitano, FIG.4, col.15 lines 18-26, and the abstract).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office Action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 6-7, 9-12, and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kitano et al (US Pat. 6,528,959).

The rationales and reference for rejections of above REJECTED claims are incorporated.

Kitano does not disclose about "the request for the percentage of available tractive force"; however, Kitano suggests about using "tractive force in range" that including specifying

a percentage of available tractive force – for example, 100% of available tractive force (a maximum number) reads on claimed language.

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to implement Kitano's teaching to specify a step that teaches a percentage of available tractive force for an advantage of deriving a more accurate calculation of tractive force demanded.

4. <u>Note</u>: The current examiner respectfully submits that pending claims are unclear; as best interpretation the claimed concept simply are: input a number from LUT and see any change while driving a vehicle; and

The claimed language of "wherein the request for the percentage of available tractive force decreases for a given acceleration pedal position as the speed of the vehicle increases" and in similar claimed phrases are unclear – the request can not "decreases"; it can only contain information that do not change a claimed step of using a request in a method.

The applicants are request to further clarify them in better languages.

### Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to CUONG H. NGUYEN whose telephone number is 571-272-6759. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, THOMAS G. BLACK can be reached on 571-272-6956. The Rightfax number for the organization where this application is assigned is 571-273-6759.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Please provide support, with page and line numbers, for any amended or new claim in an effort to help advance prosecution; otherwise any new claim language that is introduced in an amended or new claim may be considered as new matter, especially if the Application is a Jumbo Application.

CUONG H. NGUYEN
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3661